

# Edmonton Bulletin.

VOL. VI.

EDMONTON, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 10TH, 1885.

No. 49.

## TELEGRAPHIC.

WINNIPEG, Oct. 8, 1885.

Cardinal McCloskey is dying in New York. Mary Anderson has arrived in New York from England.

A number of Utah polygamists have been sentenced to imprisonment.

Lieutenant-governor Aikens has returned from attending fairs in southern Manitoba.

Sir Chas. Tupper and party were reported at Duluth yesterday, and are expected here to-morrow.

The evidence in the Kelly extradition case is concluded, and it is believed that extradition will be granted.

Rumored that Sir John Macdonald will leave for England in the next Cunard steamer for the benefit of his health.

Small-pox troubles in Montreal continue. Some half-dozen cases brought from Montreal have appeared at St. Catharines, Ont.

Further returns of the French elections indicate large conservative and monarchist gains. A reconstruction of the cabinet is probable.

An overland expedition to Hudson's Bay will leave here in a few days with the object of making estimates as to the cost of building a road.

The Hudson's Bay sailing vessel Prince of Wales, which was compelled to remain last winter in Hudson's Bay, has arrived in London with cargo and crew safe.

For some time past the farmers and wheat shippers of Manitoba have been urging upon the government the necessity of a thorough inspection of wheat at Port Arthur. Frank Gibbs, son of the late senator Gibbs, has it is understood, been selected for the position.

The warlike attitude of Serbia has compelled the Porte to call out more reserves for service on the frontiers. The Turkish ministry believes the Serbian troops will cross the frontier, although certain of defeat, in order to raise the question as to Serbia's rights. The Porte was represented to the foreign ambassadors that the Serbian revolution would lead to aggression in Montenegro, Bosnia, and Herzegovina, and that Austria and Russia would eventually be drawn into the conflict.

The London Times commenting on Mr. Parnell's speech at Wicklow says: "The cabinet which meets to-day must consider the situation in Ireland. It is impossible to disguise the fact that the government of Ireland has passed or is rapidly passing out of the hands of her majesty's ministers. The latter must defend their policy of abolishing the bill for the removal of the coercion act. Parnell's demand for home rule is only preliminary to further efforts to complete the separation of Ireland from Great Britain."

Indians in Montana are giving trouble and troops are interfering. A Miles city dispatch says: The Indian situation in this district is not pleasant. Piegan, Crow and Cheyennes are frequently found off their reservations and are reported killing cattle and burning the valleys. Cow-boys and military are on the track of the depredators and a conflict is momentarily expected. Four companies, under Major Jackson, Fort Custer, are patrolling in the Yellowstone Valley in the vicinity of Junction city and have captured an Indian scout going to Fort Custer and forty Crow Indians. Couriers from Mizpah report Cheyennes raiding the Mizpah valley and troops from Fort Keogh are called for to night to take them back to their reservations. Game is so scarce that the idea of hunger is made but does not avail this season.

BATTLEFORD, Oct. 9th, 1885.

C infantry school leaves for home on Saturday.

Gisborne leaves for Edmonton to-morrow on telegraph business.

One hundred police are on the way in from Regina. A battery will probably winter here.

West and Smith arrived on Saturday and Giles on Monday. Their potatoes are most all sold.

The murderers of Fremont and Payne are to hang on the 27th of November. Bill's murderer is to be tried to-day. Those Indians who signed Poundmaker's letter got two years in penitentiary.

The suit for libel against E. E. Sheppard, of the Toronto News, entered by Major Ingat, of the 65th battalion, terminated in Montreal on Sept. 26th, in Sheppard being found guilty of publishing the libel without knowledge of its truth or falsity. He was fined \$200. On leaving the court room Lieut. Norman, of the 65th, attempted to strike him with a whip, but Sheppard kept him off with his umbrella.

## LOCAL.

WEATHER still fine.

SLIGHT rain last night.

MRS. F. D. WILSON is very ill.

A. D. OSBORNE left for the east on Wednesday.

A TRAIN of carts loaded with sugar for the H. B. Co., arrived on Monday.

REV. R. INKSTER is at Saddle lake preparing to resume mission work there.

J. A. MACRAE arrived at Victoria on Friday, on his way to Edmonton.

STAGE arrived on Tuesday evening on time, F. A. Osborne the only passenger.

THOS. STEWART arrived from Calgary on Wednesday with freight for Ross Inos.

JAS. GILLE received the patent for his homestead and preemption by last mail.

W. R. BRERETON, of the H. B. Co., returned from the Athabasca river on Wednesday.

THE total amount of the prizes awarded at the agricultural exhibition is nearly \$250.

J. BROWN, C. FRASER and J. SINCLAIR are away on a hunting excursion to Beaver lake.

THE North-West council is to meet for the dispatch of business on or about the 22nd inst.

T. P. WADSWORTH, inspector of Indian agencies, arrived from the south on Monday last.

D. M. McDUGALL bought from H. McKay, this week, a spring lamb which dressed 70 pounds.

A COGILLAN'S pocket book was picked up by P. McCallum and returned to him on Tuesday last.

J. DOUGLAS PETRIE is erecting a dwelling on Fraser avenue. T. Henderson, builder. Frame, one-story.

CHIEF FACTOR HARDISTY and Mr. P. Tate left on Monday on a shooting excursion to the Hay lakes country.

A SAFE for the Edmonton land office arrived on Monday from Red Deer, where it has been lying since last spring.

A MISTAKE in last week's BULLETIN made the date on the first page Oct. 26th instead of Oct. 3rd, as it should have been.

DR. MUNRO is erecting a dwelling on Fraser avenue 24 x 28, story and a half high, frame. Cost \$1,000. W. Woelfle, builder.

REV. O. GERMAN and Mr. J. A. Youmans left for Victoria on Monday per flat boat on the way to their home at Whitefish lake.

J. WALTER has secured the renewal of his ferry license, which expired this fall, for three years more, at the old rates and terms.

JAS. McMUNN caught a muskallonge weighing fifteen pounds in a net in the river last week. This fish is not common in the river.

J. A. MACRAE, of the Indian department, on his way to Edmonton, has gone to Lac la Biche to see about reserve losses in that vicinity.

JAS. MOWAT arrived from Calgary on Tuesday, with freight for Ross Bros. A train of coal oil arrived for A. Macdonald & Co. on Tuesday.

THE police have taken over 50,000 lbs. of oats from the militia department, and call for tenders for 82,000 lbs. more from local sources.

THE gold mining scow has suspended operations until the arrival of a mining expert from St. Paul who is to attend to the saving of the gold.

THE Duck lake telegraph office has been abandoned and one established at St. Laurent in place of it. The latter was opened on Monday.

JOSEPH MACDONALD arrived from Calgary on Tuesday with freight for himself. He brought some Manitoba flour, which he sold at 85 a sack.

D. S. FULTON lost a roll of bills amounting to \$75 on the afternoon of exhibition day. It was picked up and returned to him by Mr. Jillett of Clover bar.

THE police ask for tenders for oats, bran, beef, potatoes, hay, straw, coal and wood, to be delivered at Edmonton or Ft. Saskatchewan, as may be directed.

THE frame in which the Methodist church bell was suspended was blown down on Saturday last, and part of the casting to which the bell was suspended broken.

HAYTER REED, assistant Indian commissioner, visited Riviere Qu'Appelle Indian farm and the reserves of Michel and Alexis, in that vicinity, on Monday. He told the Indians they might go away to their fall fishing, and on their return would receive their treaty money in the early part of next month.

THE Morden News, of Southern Manitoba, says: "It is now beyond question that a large quantity of more or less frozen grain will be marketed here this season."

CHAS. STEWART, of J. A. Macdonald & Co., and D. McLeod, left for the south on Wednesday. Mr. Stewart goes to New York to dispose of the firm's late fur purchases.

JAS. KERNOHAN left for Calgary on Thursday, to return with his wife and family, who are on the way west from London, Ont. He was accompanied by W. Maitland, late of the police.

TREATY payments may be expected to take place shortly. Indians who took part in the outbreak will receive no treaty money this year at least. This will not apply to the bands in the vicinity of Edmonton.

W. CHAMBERLAYNE, census enumerator for the Victoria and Lac la Biche division, reports the Indians in that region as very peaceably disposed, and very unwilling to have allusions made to their conduct last spring.

REV. MR. GERMAN and Mr. J. A. Youmans struck a rock in the river, on Wednesday last, with their flat boat, and suffered a partial wreck. They concluded to abandon the river and hired one of F. Lamoureux's teams to take them to Victoria.

THE Saskatchewan Herald is authority for the statement that a telegraph line will be erected between Edmonton and Victoria this fall, as well as one between Battleford and Pitt, and that next year the gap between Victoria and Pitt will be filled up.

Ad. McPHERSON arrived from Calgary per buckboard on Tuesday evening. A train of his carts is taking 400 sacks of flour for the Indian department from Calgary to Saddle lake, leaving the Bow river trail on this side of Battle river. He will meet the carts at Saddle lake.

A CORRESPONDENT has asked the Globe, who is to pay the expenses of the North-West rebellion—the North-West or the country at large. The Globe says: "The North-West had no share in misgoverning itself. It was the Dominion that sinned and the Dominion will have to pay the shot."

A PRAIRIE fire was started on Friday of last week, at the crossing of the Black Mud, and, fanned by the high wind of Friday and Saturday, burned a large stretch of country on the west side of the creek. R. McKernan lost about 35 tons of hay. J. Norris' hay was not burned, but his stables were scorched.

THE highest wind felt here during the present summer prevailed on Saturday last. A chinook from the North-West. A terrible prairie fire raged about five miles south of town, but the wind carried it towards the Beaver hills instead of the settlement. Luckily no loss of hay was occasioned by it.

It is now certain that 100 policemen will be posted at Edmonton and Ft. Saskatchewan during the coming winter, about 70 at the former and 30 at the latter place. A detachment of 50 men was expected to arrive at Peace hills yesterday, where they will remain until after the treaty payments. Supt. Griesbach, who will be in charge of the forces in this vicinity, left Thursday to meet them.

A MEETING of the directors of the agricultural society was held on Thursday evening, after the close of exhibition, at which it was decided that D. Maloney and F. Degagne were to be a committee to secure two bushel samples of wheat and barley, to be sent to compete at the exhibition of the Assiniboia agricultural society, to be held in Regina shortly. The grain is to be forwarded next week.

When the Indians in this neighborhood were first paid treaty money a large number persons who were actually half-breeds claimed themselves as Indians for the purpose of securing the 85 a year payment. Many of these now see the disadvantages accruing from their condition as Indians and desire to abandon it. This desire is to be facilitated by the Indian department as much as possible by securing for these parties scrip as half-breeds.

No police have been stationed at Pitt yet. James Simpson is in charge of H. B. business there, but nothing has been done in the way of rebuilding, nor will be until the Indian and police departments fix upon their future headquarters, which possibly will be at Onion lake, ten miles west of Pitt. The mill machinery is to be removed there from Frog lake. Maen, who was farm instructor at Onion lake before the trouble, and was one of Big Bear's prisoners, is in charge of the affairs of the department there if the present.

A scow belonging to the H. B. Co. struck a rock and sunk on Joe's rapid, on the Athabasca river, on August 26th. It contained about 13 tons of freight, including the boiler and machinery of the MacKenzie river steamer to be built this winter at Ft. Smith. The machinery may be recovered. The rapid in which the accident took place is some 25 or 30 miles above Ft. McMurray. The crews of the boats were doubled up in running the rapid. The first scow, with Mr. Brereton on board, passed safely, also the second with Capt. Smith and family, but the third with two pilots on board, in sheering off one rock ran on another and was wrecked at once. The men, ten in number, were thrown in the water and whirled rapidly down stream, but but were all rescued by the men who had already passed the rapid. Mr. Brereton's dog, a spaniel, distinguished himself by a most intelligent attempt to save the last man brought out before the boat reached him, just as he was about to go over another rapid. Only half loads were taken from this point to McMurray, at the foot of the rapid, but bad luck attended the party and accidents were happening every day. On arrival at McMurray a number of the men refused to work any longer, being in fear of their lives. They, however, tracked the boats up stream again to where the half loads had been left, and from there came on to Edmonton. The smaller number of men took the boats down to McMurray the second time without mishap, and brought one of the scows clear back to Athabasca landing. The river was very low, which made the navigation more than ordinarily difficult. The scows carried 13 tons each and were managed by five men. In the Grand Rapids, where the fall is 85 feet in a mile and a half, the boats were let down with ropes, but all the rest of the 80 mile stretch of rapids was run without assistance from the shore.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**KELLY'S RESTAURANT.**—In rear of saloon. Meals at all hours. Best table in town.

**LOST—\$10 REWARD.**—From Edmonton some time in July last, a Sorrel Horse. Any person returning the same to the undersigned, or giving information that will lead to his recovery will receive the above reward. JAMES H. TOFIELD, Ft. Saskatchewan.

**SASKATCHEWAN DISTRICT COURT.** EDMONTON DIVISION.—The sittings of the above court will be held in the public school house, Edmonton, on Monday, November 16th, 1885.

L. J. MUNEO,  
Clerk of the court.

## NORTH-WEST MOUNTED POLICE.

### TENDERS

For the following supplies, to be delivered at Edmonton and Fort Saskatchewan in such quantities at each place as may be hereafter specified, will be received by the undersigned up to

NOON ON THE 24TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1885.

OATS	82,000 lbs.
BRAN	4,000
BEEF	38,000
POTATOES	15,000
HAY (to be delivered at Edmonton)	100 tons.
STRAW, OAT (to be delivered at Edmonton)	30
COAL (to be delivered at Edmonton)	75
WOOD, DRY (to be delivered at Edmonton)	50 cords.
WOOD, DRY (to be delivered at Ft. Saskatchewan)	150

The person to whom the contract is awarded will be required to furnish satisfactory securities and to execute such formal contract as may be desired.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

A. H. GRIESBACH, SUPT.,  
Commanding N. W. M. Police,  
Edmonton District.

Edmonton, 7th October, 1885.



**THE EDMONTON BULLETIN** is published every Saturday morning, at the office, Main street, Edmonton. Subscription—Two Dollars per annum. Advertising Rates—Standing advertisements, two dollars a line per annum; transient advertisements, ten cents a line for first insertion and five cents a line for each subsequent insertion. **FRANK OLIVER**, proprietor.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, OCT. 10, 1885.

**THE Manitoban** is downing the North-West policy of the government badly. It publishes an interview with C. J. Brydges, H. B. Co. land agent, in which Mr. Brydges says that in Dakota, "All along the boundary on the south side, Canadians are settled; in fact there are few others but Canadians there." Still there has been no Canadian exodus.

**SHORTLY** after the return of the volunteers to the east, one Lieut. McKay, of the 65th battalion, attending a complimentary banquet near Ottawa, drank the health of Riel and Dumont. This evoked no remonstrance from the militia department. A week or two ago some volunteers of Kingston burned Riel in effigy. This is being promptly enquired into by the authorities, with a view, no doubt, of reprimanding those participating in the demonstration. Is not this running the thing too far? Or is it proof of the rumor that Riel is soon to be admitted to the cabinet?

**THE Saskatchewan Herald** is a good paper, is well edited, and has a capacity for discovering virtues in the government policy that is really remarkable. But it draws the line at the result of the trials of the Indian prisoners at Regina. It says, "The rule adopted in respect of punishment seems to be, the deeper the crime and the greater the intelligence of the criminal the lighter the penalty." It advises the authorities to go the "whole hog" and "clean out the jails, apologize to the prisoners now in custody for any inconvenience they may have suffered, and accept their assurances that they have done no wrong." It also advises that Gen. Middleton cause medals to be issued to Gen. Dumont and his troops with a clasp for their victory at Fish Creek. The Herald evidently has its dander up for once, and not without reason.

**RIEL** is not the only Canadian public man whose late actions have shown him to be out of his senses. The course that is being followed by a large portion of the population of Quebec to secure his pardon is as insane as that of the rebel chief himself in raising his rebellion. Their demanding a pardon on the sole ground that they desire it and have sufficient political influence to enforce their demand is doing more harm to the cause of Canadian nationality than Riel's life, supposing they are successful, can ever do good. They are placing themselves in unnecessary and unjustifiable antagonism to established law and raising a race issue, which, in the nature of things, can never bring them success. That they have ruled in Canadian politics for the past forty years is a fact. It has not been by means of a majority, however, but by divisions in the actual majority. The course now being taken must make that majority solid against them. With good judgment they might rule the country for the next hundred years, but with no more than they are exhibiting in this instance their rule will be short lived.

**THE** disgracefully small pensions awarded to volunteers who were maimed or otherwise severely injured in the late little unpleasantness is being brought out vividly by an individual case now under notice of the Winnipeg papers. A promising young fellow, a member of Boulton's scouts, lost the use of an arm, and is looking for some occupation in which his other arm can be made to earn his livelihood. Application was made to Ottawa for a government office for him, but he was curtly informed that there were no vacancies. The members of the troop made up a purse of \$100 and presented it to him, and this constituted his available funds. A case such as this is hard enough, but if the man's eyesight, for instance, were gone, how much worse his condition would be. Comparisons are odious, but contrast the answer received by this applicant for a government position and the appointments made in pursuance of a "policy of conciliation" of Dumas and Monkman, the South Branch rebels. A good healthy half-breed with a Winchester rifle and plenty of friends at his back must be conciliated. Not so a one-armed volunteer. If those medals which are to be presented to the volunteers do not arrive and be distributed soon the chances are that Riel, Poundmaker and Big Bear will get them, and Gen. Strange, Col. Otter, and Col. Williams—if he were alive—be sent to take their places at Stoney Mountain.

## SECOND HOMESTEADING.

**The Regina Leader and Prince Albert Times** are "agin" the government regulation allowing second homesteading. The Times asserts that the privilege of taking up a second homestead is a curse to those allowed it as well as to the community at large, and the Leader holds similar views. But, so far, neither newspaper has pointed out any instance in which the privilege has actually been a curse either to the individual or the community. It is true that taking a number of imaginary cases and supposing the individuals concerned to act in a way such as might be imagined in the editorial brain, an imaginary injury to the individual or general public might possibly be done. But imagination is not what is wanted in arguing North-West land matters. Cold facts are the proper ground to base arguments upon. The first assertion made by the Times that those allowed the second homestead privilege injure themselves by making use of it is so absurd as to be outside of any possible line of reasonable argument. It is of a piece with the agricultural information with which country weeklies in Ontario are so flush, taken at hap hazard from authorities where conditions are or may be the very opposite of those in the region where they are reproduced. Such information the farming community, as a rule, are careful not to meddle with, being satisfied that they know their own business better than any editor can teach them. The editors of the North-West may make their minds easy that whatever mistakes their agricultural subscribers may make, they are quite fit to be trusted that no privilege allowed them will be used to their own personal disadvantage. The assertion that the privilege is a curse to the community is scarcely more reasonable, and must be based on the supposition that because a man is allowed to homestead a second time he therefore will do it with or without reason or excuse, merely because he is allowed. The real facts are that in a majority of cases a settler finds the making of a home upon one claim an undertaking arduous enough to deter him from making a second attempt unless under exceptional circumstances, such as the first claim being worthless, or worth so much that he is able to realize handsomely from it. In either case to prevent him from leaving his first claim by not allowing him a second would be an unnecessary restriction, and by cramping his energies be a drawback to the country. Two classes of homesteaders, it appears, are most injurious—those who homestead and sell for speculation, and those who homestead and sell merely from a desire to move. Supposing, for the sake of argument, that all second homesteaders belong to one class or the other, what harm is going to result to the individual or the community if a homesteader should be so lucky as to make a good speculation out of his claim? Who is going to be injured thereby? The purchaser buys because he wants to. Because he prefers buying the particular claim to taking up an unimproved one. By such a man purchasing the country gains a settler, or at least the purchaser's personal interest. The buyer gets ready cash wherewith to pay his debts and start a new place, or should he take his money with him and "leave the country with a curse," how much more likely would he be to do it if he were not allowed to take up another place in the country. In the case of those who move because they like to move, why should they be hindered from doing so? There must be pioneers or there cannot be settlement. Some men—of wandering disposition, perhaps—are more fitted to serve their day and generation as pioneers than others. The country will get a better name, civilization and cultivation will make more rapid progress, the waste places will be made to blossom sooner by those who are naturally pioneers being allowed to follow, by means of the privilege of second homesteading, the bent of their minds and that which allows them the fullest development of their energies. The idea that ignorant restriction will forward settlement and improvement is too ridiculous for anything. Unless our paternal government had repented it of one of the few acts of common sense of which it has been guilty in the management of North-

West land matters we would hardly find the Times and Leader advocating a change back to the old ironclad plan which has helped so much to people northern Dakota at the expense of southern Manitoba; and it is well for those who desire to see the country move a little out of the slough into which it has fallen to let their opinions be known on this subject, so that if a change is made it will not have the excuse of ignorance.

**THAT** the senate has no political influence is every day becoming more apparent. Lately Senator McInnes wrote a letter to the *Mainland Guardian*, B. C., denouncing the federal department of railways as a seething sink of corruption. If the hon. senator is or has been a strict party man, and had been a member of the house of commons, his declaration would have evoked something strong from the Mail. But as he is only a senator, that journal ascribes his utterance to chagrin at the defeat of a private speculation in which he had been indulging, and calmly says: "If Senator McInnes should feel that in view of the collapse of his town-plot enterprise it is his duty henceforth to oppose the government, be it so."

## IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE

OF  
LIVE STOCK, PROPERTY of W. YOUNG.

Six Cows in Calf.  
Three Heifers, 3 years old, in calf.  
Four year-old Heifers.  
Two year-old Steers.  
Four Spring Calves.  
One Large Mare.  
One Spring Colt.

To be sold by auction at

MR. JOHN COLEMAN'S FARM

ON  
THURSDAY, OCT. 15TH AT 11 A.M.

TERMS CASH!

G. A. BLAKE,  
Auctioneer.

## ROSS BROS.

STOVES & TINWARE.

COAL AND WOOD COOK STOVES,

NEW JEWEL BASE BURNERS,

GLOBE HEATERS,

BOX STOVES.

GRANITE IRON-WARE,

PRESSED TINWARE,

LAMPS,

HARDWARE,

COAL OIL.

More goods to arrive shortly.

## NORRIS & CAREY,

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

EDMONTON.

Beg to inform their customers that they

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

LARGE STOCK

Of General Merchandise.

MORE TO ARRIVE

In a few days, which will be sold at

BOTTOM FIGURES, FOR CASH ONLY.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

NORRIS & CAREY,

St. Albert Road.

## LOOK OUT FOR

A. MACDONALD & CO.

They are now

PREPARED TO DO THE THING FINE

VERY FINE—

IN THE

GROCERY,

DRY GOODS,

HARDWARE, AND

BOOT & SHOE

LINES.

A FIRST CLASS STOCK SELECTED PERSONALLY

By one of the firm, who has just returned from the market.

CUSTOMERS WILL BE ASTONISHED

At our quotations.

CALL AND SEE IMMEDIATELY.

25 Butter, Eggs, Pork and Flour taken in exchange for goods.

A. MACDONALD & CO.



## THE EXHIBITION.

The 4th annual exhibition of the present Edmonton agricultural society was held on Thursday last, in A. Macdonald & Co's building and on the grounds adjoining. While this is the 4th annual exhibition it is the 5th actually held, the first having been held in the fall of 1879, which was in no respect inferior to any held since. Indeed, interest in the exhibition seems to be falling off rather than increasing, for although circumstances were never more favorable than before and during the late one here, it was not by any means up to its immediate predecessor either in number of exhibits or attendance. This was in no way chargeable to the management, as everything that could be expected of those composing it was done. The prize list was more liberal and the arrangements for exhibition more complete than ever before. The day itself was perfect, and certainly there was no lack of farm products or stock of excellent quality well worth exhibition. The only good reason that can be assigned for the turn out not being larger is that threshing and fall plowing are claiming imperatively and at once the full attention of the farming community, the members of which do not like to lose such fine weather, so necessary for their own private interests, in an undertaking which is more of a public nature.

In grain a good sample of club wheat was shown, and scarcely as good a sample—considering the different quality of the two kinds of grain—of life. A good sample of peas and several exceptionally good samples of white and black oats. The white oats especially, could scarcely be excelled in any country. Several samples of barley were shown, the grain of which was very large but not as bright as might be. In roots there was a full display of potatoes in the different classes and all of excellent quality and great size, especially one sample of Beauty of Hebron, which, however, did not take the prize. In other roots the show was not up to the mark of previous years, caused to some extent by the troubles of last spring preventing gardening from being indulged in. Some very large cabbage were shown by the Roman Catholic mission, some excellent cauliflower by Mr. Lambert, of Ft. Saskatchewan, and four large, perfectly ripe pumpkins, by W. Anderson, Indian agent. The display of butter was good and the quality fully up to that of last year, although the number of entries was not so large. The different varieties of jam shown could not be surpassed, the three entries of strawberries particularly being unexceptionable in flavor and not a berry in the whole having lost its perfect shape. The bread and buns shown were all that bread could be. Jas. Gille exhibited a side of home cured bacon, getting and extra prize, and the remark was general that the hog industry here is assuming such proportions that prizes should be offered for home cured bacon and hams. A specimen of pemmican was exhibited and the way in which it was promptly pulled to pieces and devoured, a dog carrying off the parchment in which it was enclosed, was a great reminder of old times.

The leading feature in horses was a fine two year old part Clydesdale stallion of a steel grey color, which had just been brought in from Ontario by Mr. A. Adamson. While the rest of the animals shown, both horses and cattle, sheep, pigs and poultry, were of very good quality, there was not the amount of competition necessary to make their part of the show of absorbing interest. The display of ladies' work was not large, but was very tasty, and some of it also substantial—of course all that it ought to be. A large and beautiful collection of flowers helped to clear away the feeling of the near approach of winter caused by the display of warm knit goods, which was really excellent. A specimen of white woollen yarn, home grown, carded and spun, was most creditable, the texture being firm and the thickness even.

The exhibition was closed and the various articles removed about five o'clock, and at six the officials of the society and the judges of the day attended a dinner in the Jasper House, where a pleasant hour was spent in the discussion of the society's doings and future operations.

The prize list is as follows:

**Horses**—Stallion, 2 year old, A. Adamson, \$3; team, M. Maloney, \$6; colt, J. Turner, \$2; saddle horse, V. Lawrence, \$4. Carriage horse, 1st, V. Lawrence, \$4; 2nd, E. Brown, \$2.

**NATIVE HORSES**—Team carriage horses, 1st, Murdoch McLeod, \$4; 2nd, T. G. Hutchings, \$2. Saddle horse, 1st, A. Coghlan, \$3; 2nd, D. Kelly, \$2. Mare with colt, 1st, A. Lamoureux, \$3; 2nd, A. Lambert, \$2. Colt, 1st, J. Lamoureux, \$2; 2nd, B. Duke, \$1. Cart horse in cart, 1st, J. Gille, \$3; 2nd, R. St. McKernan, \$1.

**INTERMEDIATE CATTLE WITH PRIZES**—Bull over 2 years, 1st, Boag & Edmondson, \$5; 2nd, J. Turner, \$3.

**GRASS CATTLE**—Calf under 1 year, 1st, J. Turner, \$2; 2nd, J. Turner, \$1. Cow over 2 years, 1st, M. McLeod, \$4; 2nd, J. Turner, \$2. Heifer, 1 or 2 years, 1st, H. McKay, \$3; 2nd, H. McKay, \$1. Yoke oxen over 4 years, 1st, B. Duke, \$4; 2nd, H. McKay, \$2.

**SHEEP**—Pair ewes over 2 years, J. Turner, \$3. Ram, any age, 1st, J. Turner, \$2; 2nd, H. McKay, \$1. Pair lambs, 1st, H. McKay, \$2; 2nd, J. Turner, \$1. Fat sheep, H. McKay, \$2.

**PIGS**—Suffolk boar under 1 year, 1st, Geo. Hutton, \$3; 2nd, Geo. Hutton, \$1. Suffolk sow under 1 year, Geo. Hutton, \$3.

**POULTRY**—Pair ducks, H. McKay, \$1. Pair Brahmas, Rev. J. H. Howard, \$1. Pair black Spanish, Thos. Henderson, \$1. Pair common fowls, 1st, Geo. Hutton, 75c; 2nd, R. McKernan, 50c. A pair of wild geese, exhibited by R. McKernan, were recommended for an extra prize.

**FIELD GRAIN, SEEDS, ETC.**—Bush five wheat, T. G. Hutchings, \$5. Bush club wheat, — Lambert, \$5. Bush any kind wheat, — Lambert, \$4. Bush barley, six row, T. G. Hutchings, \$3. Barley, two row, J. Turner, \$3. Peas, — Lambert, \$2. White oats, J. Turner, \$3. Black oats, 1st, J. R. Brenton, \$3; 2nd, J. Turner, \$2. Gallon timothy seed, Thos. Henderson, \$1. Two lbs. wild hops, 1st, R. McKernan, \$2; 2nd, Rev. Mr. Howard, \$1.

**FIELD ROOTS, ETC.**—Half bush Early Rose potatoes, 1st, Jas. Kelly, \$2; 2nd, J. Turner, \$1. Snowflake potatoes, 1st, Geo. Long, \$2; 2nd, H. McKay, \$1. Beauty of Hebron potatoes, 1st, T. G. Hutchings, \$2; 2nd, Geo. Long, \$1. Any kind potatoes, 1st, Geo. Long, \$2; 2nd, T. G. Hutchings, \$1. Swede turnips, 1st, T. G. Hutchings, \$1; 2nd, — Lambert, 50c. White turnips, 1st, T. G. Hutchings, \$1; 2nd, — Lambert, 50c. Any kind turnips, T. G. Hutchings, \$1. Mangolds, 1st, T. G. Hutchings, \$1; 2nd, J. R. Brenton, 50c. Beets, 1st, H. McKay, \$1; 2nd, H. McKay, 50c. Carrots, 1st, T. Henderson, \$1; 2nd, S. Johnston, 50c. Two pumpkins, 1st, W. Anderson, \$1; 2nd, W. Anderson, 50c. Recommended for extra prizes, white elephant potatoes, Geo. A. Blake. White elephant potatoes and morning star potatoes, H. McKay. Parsnips, 1st, Rev. A. B. Baird, \$1; 2nd, Thos. Henderson, 50c. Seed onions, leeks, sage and thyme, — Lambert.

**VEGETABLES**—2 heads cabbage, 1st, St. Albert Mission, \$1; 2nd Rev. A. B. Baird, 50c. Two heads cauliflower, — Lambert, \$2; 2nd, Lambert, 50c. Peck red onions, Rev. A. B. Baird, \$1. Peck white onions, S. Johnston, \$1. Peck potato onions, 1st, Geo. Long, \$1; 2nd, J. Turner, 50c.

**FRUIT, ETC.**—Current jelly, J. Turner, \$1. Cranberry jam, 1st, T. Henderson, \$1; 2nd, Geo. Long, 50c. Strawberry jam, 1st, Mrs. Patton, \$1; 2nd, Mrs. J. Kelly, 50c. Tomato catsup, J. Turner, \$1. Pickles, 1st, onions, J. Turner, \$1; 2nd, cabbage, J. Turner, 50c. Extra prizes were awarded J. Turner on an exhibit of low bush cranberry jam, Geo. Long on black current jelly, Thos. Henderson on rhubarb jelly and jam, and Jas. A. Petrie on pemmican.

**DAIRY PRODUCTS**—Firm butter, 20 lbs. and upwards, 1st, Geo. Long, \$6; 2nd, T. G. Hutchings, \$4; 3rd, M. McLeod, \$2. Crock butter, not less than 10 lbs., 1st, Geo. Long, \$4; 2nd, R. McKernan, \$2; 3rd, T. G. Hutchings, \$1. Table butter, 1st, Geo. Long, \$4; 2nd, T. G. Hutchings, \$2; 3rd, M. McLeod, \$1. Home made bread, T. Henderson, \$2. Buns made from native flour, Geo. Long, \$2. Buns from imported flour, exhibited by J. Kelly, were recommended for an extra prize, also a side of home cured bacon exhibited by Jas. Gille.

**HOME MADE WOOLLEN GOODS**—Woollen socks, 1st, H. McKay, \$1; 2nd, H. McKay, 50c. Woollen stockings, 1st, R. C. Mission, \$1; 2nd, R. C. Mission, 50c. Woollen Mitts, 1st, D. B. Wilson, \$1; 2nd, H. McKay, 50c. Rug, Geo. Long, \$1. The following extra prizes were recommended: Rag carpet, R. C. Mission, \$1. Children's stockings, 1st, Mrs. Carscaden, \$1; 2nd, R. C. Mission, 50c. Wool gloves, R. C. Mission, 50c. Cotton stockings, Mrs. Patton, \$1. Wool cuffs, 1st, R. C. Mission, \$1; 2nd, R. C. Mission, 50c.

**NEEDLE WORK**—Crotchet Work, 1st, Mrs. Patton, \$1; 2nd, R. C. Mission, 50c. Woollen work, 1st, Miss Roy, \$1; 2nd, H. McKay, 50c. Fancy Knitting, 1st (owner not known as entry ticket was lost) \$1; 2nd, H. McKay, 50c. Cotton Tidy, T. Henderson, \$1. Woollen Tidy, H. McKay, \$1. Worked Slipper, Mrs. Carscaden, \$2.50. General assortment of Silk Work, Miss Roy, \$2. Extra prizes were recommended: Crystal grasses, Miss Henderson. Collection of cut flowers and collection of pansies, Miss Rhoda Anderson.

**SPECIAL PRIZES**—Three bush oats, J. Turner, \$10. Three bush barley, T. G. Hutchings, \$10.

The new gold mining at Similkameen, close to the U. S. in British Columbia, have contracted over 1,000 miners. They earn from their grub up to \$200 a day per man. Promotions cheap and plentiful. Access to the diggings is gained from Hope, on the Fraser. The benches prospect largely, yielding nuggets from \$8 to \$10 each.

The Northern Pacific Junction railway, which will connect Toronto with the C. P. G. near Callander will be finished in December next.

**NOTICE**—All parties indebted to the undersigned are requested to settle up forthwith, without further notice. X. ST. JEAN.

**NOTICE**—The Book Debts of John Sinclair and of the late firm of John Sinclair & Co. have been handed to the undersigned for collection. Parties interested will please take notice and pay up. W. S. ROBERTSON.

**FOUND**—In April last, on the premises of the subscriber, South side, a Bay Horse native, black tips to ears, one hind foot white and a patch of white on the other; three small white spots on the back; white strip on face. GEO. DONALD.

**ROYAL MAIL AND STAGE LINE**—making weekly trips between Calgary and Edmonton. Leaves Calgary every Friday morning, making close connection with the train which leaves Winnipeg on the preceding Tuesday morning, and arrives at Edmonton on the following Tuesday evening. Leaves Edmonton on Friday morning and arrives at Calgary on the following Tuesday. Passage \$25; 50 lbs. baggage free. Express matter addressed in care of the undersigned will be forwarded without delay, and the advance charges paid by us. Rates, 10 cts. a pound from Calgary. LEESON & SCOTT, mail contractors, Calgary.

## WATCHMAKERS.

Leave your Watches with

W. L. WOOD, ESQ.,

At the Hudson's Bay store, where they will be forwarded to McIntyre & Davidson for repairs.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

McINTYRE & DAVIDSON.

## BROWN & CURRY

## GENERAL MERCHANTS.

Reg to inform the public that their long expected freight has arrived at last, and that they have now on hand the

## LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE STOCK

That has ever been brought into the North West.

## WITHOUT EXCEPTION.

Although the rate of freight is high we pay no more than others, and as we have

## NO MIDDLE MEN TO CONTEND WITH

As others have, and as our goods are all bought direct from the importers or manufacturers, and

## SELECTED FROM THE BEST QUALITIES

We are able to offer

## BETTER AND CHEAPER GOODS THAN

## ANY OTHER FIRM IN EDMONTON.

We respectfully ask everyone to call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

BROWN & CURRY

## HOTELS.

**GERALDHOUSE**, Calgary, opposite C.P.R. depot—first-class accommodation—head-quarters for Edmonton travelers. A. R. Gerald, formerly of Farmers' House, Winnipeg, Proprietor.

**JASPER HOUSE**, north side of Main street. The only brick building in Edmonton. First-class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Good stabling in connection. J. GOODRIDGE, Proprietor.

**ROYAL HOTEL**, REILLY & MARTIN, Proprietors. The Royal still continues to be the leading hotel in Calgary and no expense or pains on the part of the proprietors will be spared to keep it so. Table First-Class. Public patronage respectfully solicited.

**EDMONTON HOTEL**, the pioneer house of entertainment west of Portage la Prairie. An extensive addition has been made to this establishment which now offers superior accommodation to my old patrons and the traveling public. A first-class billiard room. Good stabling attached. DONALD ROSS, Proprietor.

## PROFESSIONAL.

**W. WILSON**, Dentist, Calgary, Stephen Avenue, two doors east of Skating Rink.

**C. DE LAGORGENDIERE**, Notary Public and Conveyancer; accounts collected. St. Albert, N. W. T. 42-y

**GEORGE A. WATSON**, Barrister, Conveyancer, Notary Public, etc. Law office first door east of Jasper house, Edmonton.

**D. R. H. C. WILSON**, Physician & Surgeon. Office first building west of school house, block 6, H.B.Co. reserve, Edmonton.

## BUSINESS.

**LIVERY, FEED, and SALE STABLE.** M. McCAULEY.

**FURNITURE**—Bed Steads, Sideboards, Washstands, Cupboards, Chairs, etc. A large stock, extra quality. To be sold off cheap for cash, to make room for new stock. X. ST. JEAN.

**ROSS BROS.**, Tinsmiths, manufacturers of all kinds of tin, sheet iron and copper wares. Shop in new building next to J. A. McDougall & Co., Main street, Edmonton.

**SANDERSON & LOOBY**, General Blacksmiths. Horseshoeing a specialty. All kinds of repairing done neatly and quickly. Shop on Main street, Edmonton.

**JAMES McDONALD**, Builder and Contractor. Sash and doors on hand and made to order. Plans and estimates of buildings furnished. Everything done with neatness and despatch. Office and shop, Main at Edmonton.

**G. A. BLAKE**, Licensed Auctioneer. All auction business attended to promptly. Best values always realized. Terms moderate. Parties desiring to dispose of Real estate, live stock or any other property, will find it to their advantage to communicate with the above.

## AGENCIES.

**Ontario Wind Engine and Pump Company.** Makers of the celebrated Halliday and Star windmills, which work up to 40 horse-power, and all kinds of lift and force pumps.

**Cochshutt plow company**, of Brantford. Makers of the celebrated North West sulky gang plow, and every variety of walking plows. Also the Little Favorite, diamond point one horse cultivator.

**Massey Manufacturing company.** Makers of the Toronto cord binder, the Toronto mower, Massey mower and harvester and Sharp's horse rake.

**Renfrew Fruit and Floral company**, Waba Nurseries (the most northern nursery in Canada) growers of hardy fruit and ornamental trees, shrubs and green-house plants, adapted for northern climate.

Sole agent for the Edmonton district, G. A. BLAKE, Belmont farm.

## NOTICES.

**NOTICE**—All persons having claims Against the department of Militia and defence are requested to send in their accounts in duplicate AT ONCE to the undersigned.

J. K. STRACHAN, Supply & Transport Officer. Edmonton, Sept. 18, 1905.

**NOTICE**—Rev. C. Scollen, having of his own free will severed his connection with the Roman Catholic diocese of St. Albert, the undersigned for "La Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaine de St. Albert," informs the public that the said corporation will not be responsible for any indebtedness incurred by the said C. Scollen. H. LEITCH, O.M.I., Forerunner.



## LOCAL.

Two letters, dated from Red Deer, appear in the Free Press of Sept. 28. They accuse Bob Tail's band of Indians at Battle river of being systematic horse thieves, saying that their practice is to hunt horses instead of fur, and that they have now in their possession forty or fifty horses belonging to other parties. When an owner claims a horse they either hide it or levy a tax of \$10 or more as a reward for having picked him up. There may be some truth in these assertions, but they are certainly not altogether true. However, Bob Tail and his band would be none the worse of a little more police surveillance than they have been getting lately.

The remains of Samuel Rathwell, who was drowned last summer in the Long Rapids on the Athabasca, were found on Sept. 11th, by the H. B. men as they were returning up the river after having delivered their freight at Ft. McMurray, at a point about 15 miles below where he was drowned. The flesh was all gone and the bones were partly imbedded in the sand on the bank of the river. Only part of the underclothing and one boot remained on the body besides the cartridge belt and cartridges. The canoe was found further up the stream by the Indians and hauled out on the bank by them. The remains were interred by Messrs. Cowie and Brereton, of the H. B. Co., the former reading the burial service.

The Regina Leader has an advertisement calling for tenders for the carriage of a weekly mail for four years from Oct. 30th between Edmonton and St. Albert, connecting with the mail from Calgary. With all due deference to the post office inspector who signs the advertisement, if he were really anxious to have this work done at the lowest rate, it is most unnatural that he should advertise for tenders at a distance of 700 miles from where it is to be done. By thus avoiding publicity where publicity is required he betrays a desire either to let the contract to a fancy man at a fancy price or simply to contribute to the support of the Leader; a laudable enough desire in its way, but one that can scarcely in this case be based on legitimate business reasons. Most people here will remember that when the contract for the carriage of the mail from the east to Edmonton was to be let a similar course was pursued, and parties resident here were thereby prevented from competing.

HAYTER REID, assistant Indian commissioner, arrived from the east on Sunday. He is rearranging matters on the different reserves through which he passes, and establishing a policy to be pursued by the different agents and instructors in their dealings with the Indians during the coming winter. A sharp line is drawn between Indians who remained quiet and those who were turbulent last spring. The argument used to the latter is, "You thought you could live better if you only drove the government and the white man out of the country. Try living without the assistance of the government for a while." The turbulent Frog lake Indians have been returned some of their arms stamped "I. D." given a little ammunition and sent north into the woods to make a living for themselves, with orders not to expect any government assistance hereafter. Those who remained peaceable and were likely to become farmers, are being gathered in more closely and will be better looked after than before. The settlement at Frog lake is abandoned, but that at Onion lake is kept up. The horses have also been taken away from the hostiles and will be used in freighting by the department, the Indians, however, getting the benefit of their work.

THREE of the Indians arrested at Saddle lake have been taken to Battleford; one on a charge of horse stealing and two on a charge of assisting in murdering the Indian woman at Frog lake. The Indian who escaped was the leader of the gang which broke open the government storehouse at Saddle lake and the man who struck J. A. Carson when the latter was resisting him. His escape was made in broad day light. After making the arrest, and putting the ball and chain on him, the detachment of police left him and went to the government farm house for something, leaving the Indian in charge of one policeman. The detachment remained in the house for dinner, and on returning to where they had left their man heard the guard firing his rifle. He said the Indian had escaped not more than four or five minutes before. Search was made, but no trace of him found. The police were afterwards informed by his brother that he had come to the camp without the ball and chain and that he had taken his horse and left for the south.

The crofters of the island of Uig, Scotland, are following in the footsteps of the Irish tenants. Lately an attempt was made to land cattle on the island by the landlords, but the officers bringing them were driven back by the women armed with stones, the men of the island being absent in the boats fishing.

China has borrowed \$40,000,000 to build a railroad to a point twelve miles south of Peking. A Manchester firm has secured the contract.

Joseph Chamberlain has declared for the complete separation of church and state in the three kingdoms, for a national Irish council in Dublin, and a union between the English democracy and the Irish people as a protection against class oppression.

Russia is taking actively hostile measures against the Germans in the empire. The German language is to give place to the Russian in official matters in the Baltic provinces peopled by Germans, and Austrians are being expelled from Poland.

The London Daily News looks upon Port Moody, B. C., as the point where British power on the Pacific will be centered on the completion of the C. P. R. Port Moody will then be within sixteen days of Plymouth, England.

Gen. Crook has 300 scouts after 30 Apache Indians in Sonora, New Mexico. This gives the Indians about even chances.

Sir Chas. Tupper and Hon. Thos. Whit were to arrive in Winnipeg on Sept. 22nd.

The plant of the Moose Jaw News has been purchased by Hector Ross, of Regina.

Regina has contributed \$500 to a reception to the governor-general.

## METEOROLOGICAL.

Weather report for week ending Friday evening, Oct. 9th, 1885. Reported for the BULLETIN by Mr. Alexander Taylor, observer at Edmonton.

	Max	Min.
Saturday,	65	31
Sunday,	69	29
Monday,	59	31
Tuesday,	60	39
Wednesday,	71	28
Thursday,	56	41
Friday,	47	36

Barometer falling, 27.335.

**\$1,000 TO LOAN**, on first mortgage security. None other than a solid man need apply.

W. J. GRAHAM.

**NOTICE.**—All accounts due the undersigned, not paid before the 1st day of November next, will be placed in court for collection. THOS. SMITH.

## ADJOURNED SHERIFF'S SALE.

Will be held at the

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, EDMONTON

ON

MONDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF OCTOBER, AT 1 P.M.

Thos. Burleigh and others vs. the North West Mining Company.

25 horse-power Boiler and engine.

A lot of Rope, Blocks, Chains, Quicksilver, Copper Plates and other articles.

S. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,

Sheriff.

per W. S. ROBERTSON,

Deputy Sheriff.

## ADJOURNED SHERIFF'S SALE.

Will be held at the

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, EDMONTON.

MONDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF OCTOBER, AT 1 P.M.

P. McCallum vs. F. W. Butler.

Quantity Flooring and Siding, Boards, Plank, Joisting, Lime, Bricks, Shingles and numerous other articles, the same being at Beaver lake. Also some other goods of the Butler estate at the sheriff's office.

S. E. ST. O. CHAPLEAU,

Sheriff.

per W. S. ROBERTSON,

Deputy Sheriff.

## THE

## EDMONTON BULLETIN

Will enter upon its Seventh volume on November 1st.

Since its first publication it has been the fearless and unswerving supporter of the rights and interests of the North West in general and the Edmonton district in particular.

ALL the news, served up in the most compact form and of the latest date, has been and will continue to be its special feature.

Subscription, \$2 a year, strictly in advance.

FRANK OLIVER,

Proprietor.

## CHURCHES.

**CHURCH OF ENGLAND.**—Hours of Sunday service: All-Saints 11 a.m., St. Michael's 6.30 p.m. W.N.

**ST. JOACHIM'S, R. C. CHURCH,** Edmonton.—Mass at 10 a.m. every Sunday, Sermon in English and Cree. Afternoon services at 3 o'clock. H. GRANDIN, O.M.I.

**METHODIST CHURCH OF CANADA.** J. H. Howard, Pastor. Hours of service, 11 a.m. and 7.00 p.m. Sabbath school, 2.30 p.m. Prayer meeting and lecture, Wednesday evening at 7 p.m.

**EDMONTON PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.**—Pastor, the Rev. Andrew B. Baird, M.A., assisted by Mr. James Hamilton, B.A., Sabbath services at Edmonton, 11 a.m., and 7 p.m. Sabbath school at 2.30 p.m. Fort Saskatchewan every Sabbath at 10.30 a.m.; Sturgeon River, August 6, 16, 23, September, 6, 13, 20; Clover Bar, August 16, 30, Sept. 13, 27; Belmont, August 9, 23, Sept. 6, 20.

## FOR SALE.

1 DOUBLE TOP BUGGY.  
1 SINGLE " "  
1 PHLETON (with tongue.)  
1 SET LIGHT DOUBLE HARNESS.

Apply to

CHAS. STEWART.

## NOTICE.



I am authorized to state to whom it may concern, that, "No objections to the report of the Land Board have been received from any of the Edmonton settlers, at the office of the Minister of the Interior, at Ottawa, and that the complaint as made will be considered."

per order,

P. V. GAUVREAU,

A. D. L.



## CANADA.

By the Right Honorable Sir JOHN ALEXANDER MACDONALD, G. C. B., Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.

To all to whom these presents may come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING.

WHEREAS it is in and by the act of the Parliament of Canada, passed in the forty-seventh year of Her Majesty's reign, chapter twenty-seven and entitled "An Act further to amend the Indian Act, 1880," amongst other things in effect enacted, that the Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs may, when he considers it in the public interest to do so, prohibit by public notice to that effect, the sale, gift or disposal, to any Indian in the Province of Manitoba or in any part thereof, or in the North-West Territories or in any part thereof, of any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge; and every person who after such notice, without the permission in writing of the Superintendent-General, sells or gives, or in any other manner conveys to any Indian in the section of country thus prohibited any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge, shall incur a penalty of not more than two hundred dollars, or shall be liable to imprisonment for a term of not more than six months, or to both fine and imprisonment, within the limits aforesaid, at the discretion of the Court before which the conviction is had:

Now Know Ye that I, the said Right Honorable Sir John Alexander Macdonald, Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, considering it to be in the public interest so to do, do hereby give public notice that the sale, gift or other disposal to any Indian in the North-West Territories of Canada or in any part thereof of any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge is hereby prohibited, and that every person who, after this notice, without the permission in writing of the Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs for the time being, sells or gives away, or in any other manner conveys to any Indian in the North-West Territories of Canada, or in any part thereof, any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge, will incur the penalties provided by the said act.

IN WITNESS whereof, I have hereunto subscribed these presents at my office, in the city of OTTAWA, this NINETEENTH day of August, A. D. 1885.  
JOHN A. MACDONALD,  
Superintendent-General, Indian Affairs.

## NOTICE

The CREDITORS of JOHN SINCLAIR, of Edmonton in Alberta territory, in the North West Territories of Canada, merchant, and of the late firm of John Sinclair & Co., and all others having claims against said John Sinclair or said late firm, are hereby notified that all assets of the said late firm having first been duly assigned to the said John Sinclair, he has this day executed a deed of assignment to me of all his property, estate and effects for the purpose of paying and satisfying rateably and proportionately and without preference or priority all the creditors of the said John Sinclair and the said late firm their just debts. And the said creditors, and others having claims as aforesaid, are further hereby notified to send by post, prepaid, or otherwise deliver to me the undersigned (assignee as aforesaid) care of James O'Brien & Co., Winnipeg, Manitoba, or to my solicitor, George A. Watson, barrister, Edmonton, Alberta territory, on or before the 1st day of November next their Christian names and surnames, addresses and description, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, and in default thereof, and immediately after the said 1st day of November next, the assets of the said John Sinclair and of the said late firm will be distributed amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to claims of which notice shall have been given as above required, and I will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof, to any person of whose claim notice shall not have been received by me, or the said George A. Watson, at the time of such distribution.

Dated this 11th day of August, A. D. 1885.

DONALD FRASER,

GEORGE A. WATSON,

Assignee.

Assignee's Solicitor.

## NOTICE.



Claims of Half Breeds and Original White Settlers, Province of Manitoba.

WHEREAS, since the completion of the allotment of the 1,400,000 acres of land set apart under the Manitoba Act to extinguish the Indian title of the Children of the Half-Breed heads of families resident in the Province of Manitoba, on the 15th July 1870, a large number of additional claimants have come and some are still coming forward with the evidence necessary to prove that they are children of Half-Breed heads of families and were residents in the province of Manitoba at the date mentioned.

And Whereas, the 1,400,000 acres set apart under the Manitoba Act as aforesaid have been exhausted by such allotment, and by Order in Council, dated the 20th of April, 1885 it has been decided to extinguish such additional claims known as "Supplementary Claims," by an issue of \$240.00 in scrip to each Half-Breed child entitled.

And Whereas, by the Act 37 Vic., Cap. 20, the Half-Breed heads of families resident in the said Province on the date mentioned, and the "Original White Settlers," and the children of such settlers, as defined in the said Act, are each entitled to receive scrip to the extent of \$160.00.

And Whereas, His Excellency the Governor-General in Council has deemed it expedient to limit the time within which all claims of the nature above specified may be presented; therefore

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that under the authority contained in the Order in Council above mentioned, bearing date the 20th April, 1885, all claims under and by virtue of the provisions of the said Order in Council, and the Act 37 Vic., Cap. 20, to "Half-Breed" and "Original White settlers" scrip that are not filed on or before the 1st day of May, 1886, with the Commissioner of Dominion Lands, together with the necessary proof thereof, shall cease and determine.

By Order, A. M. BURGESS,

Deputy Minister of the Interior.

Department of the Interior,  
Ottawa, May 22d, 1885.